

**B.Ed. (2 years) (CBCS) Semester IV**  
**Sub: Contemporary India and Education**

1. The differences that make us unique, including race, colour, ethnicity, language, nationality, sexual orientation, religion, gender, socio-economic status, age and physical and mental ability is called \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Inclusion
  - b. Stratification
  - c. Marginalization
  - d. Diversity**
2. How many racial types did Herbert Risley classify the people of India.
  - a. Nine
  - b. Eight
  - c. Seven**
  - d. Six
3. Social stratification is a form of social \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a. Growth
  - b. Inequality**
  - c. Progress
  - d. Development
4. Inculcation of these values among students is one of the role of education in addressing diversity.
  - a. Autocratic
  - b. Communist
  - c. Democratic**
  - d. Socialist
5. Inculcating a love of travel will help in addressing one of the following diversity.
  - a. Language diversity
  - b. Regional diversity**
  - c. Religious diversity
  - d. Social diversity
6. This is the process by which individuals and groups are ranked in more or less enduring hierarchy of status.
  - a. Stratification**
  - b. Marginalization
  - c. Diversity
  - d. Inclusion
7. Caste system started during this period. Name the period.
  - a. Rig vedic**
  - b. Yajur vedic
  - c. Sam vedic
  - d. Atharva vedic
8. This concept arises when one caste considers itself superior to others.
  - a. Linguism
  - b. Regionalism
  - c. Casteism**
  - d. Communalism

9. When we say socialism as a constitutional value, it implies elimination of this aspect.
- Inclusion
  - Diversity
  - Discrimination**
  - Integration
10. Status in a class system is based on the \_\_\_\_\_ of an individual.
- Heredity
  - Achievement**
  - Past life
  - Inheritance
11. The constitutional values are those values which safeguard the human rights of every \_\_\_\_\_ of India.
- Man
  - Woman
  - Citizen**
  - Child
12. Most noteworthy aspect of socialism is the removal of disparity in \_\_\_\_\_.
- Health
  - Wealth**
  - Size
  - Shape
13. All India Education Conference, 1937. for the purpose of discussing different aspects of education was held in this city.
- Nagpur
  - Pune
  - Wardha**
  - Mumbai
14. A committee was appointed by All India Conference, 1937 under the chairmanship of .....
- Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar
  - Dr. Zakir Hussain**
  - Dr. Abdul Kalam
  - Mahatma Gandhi
15. In the Basic Education proposal, which age group was decided for free and compulsory education?
- 7-10
  - .6-10
  - 7-14**
  - 6-14
16. Which of the following is not the merit of Basic Education?
- Compulsory free education
  - In consonance with environment
  - Close to life
  - Industrialisation of Education**
17. Which of the following is not the limitation of Basic education?
- No Secondary education
  - Psychologically unsound

- c. No trained teachers**  
d. Not good for Urban people
18. Which of the Evaluation system is not included in RTE?  
a. No failure till completion of elementary cycle.  
**b. Evaluation based on annul exam.**  
c. Maintenance of Cumulative record for each child  
d. Evaluation based on Comprehensive performance.
19. Which of the following is not the strategy of SSA?  
a. Pedagogical Intervention  
b. Community Mobilization  
**c. Learning Resource Centres**  
d. Management Information System
20. Which of the following strategy is not adopted by SSA for the education of SC and ST children?  
a. Use of Community teachers.  
b. Free textbooks to students.  
**c. Parents' sensitization programme.**  
d. Special coaching and remedial classes.
21. Which of the following is not the goal of NPE,1986?  
**a. Linking of degrees to jobs**  
b. Education for all  
c. Scientific and Technological development  
d. Equalization of opportunities
22. The NCF was approved by Central Advisory Board on Education in...  
a. June, 2005  
b. January, 2005  
**c. September, 2005**  
d. November, 2005

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